

Inside A2Stream

*glitch-free
high-quality
internet audio
streaming
on the Apple II*

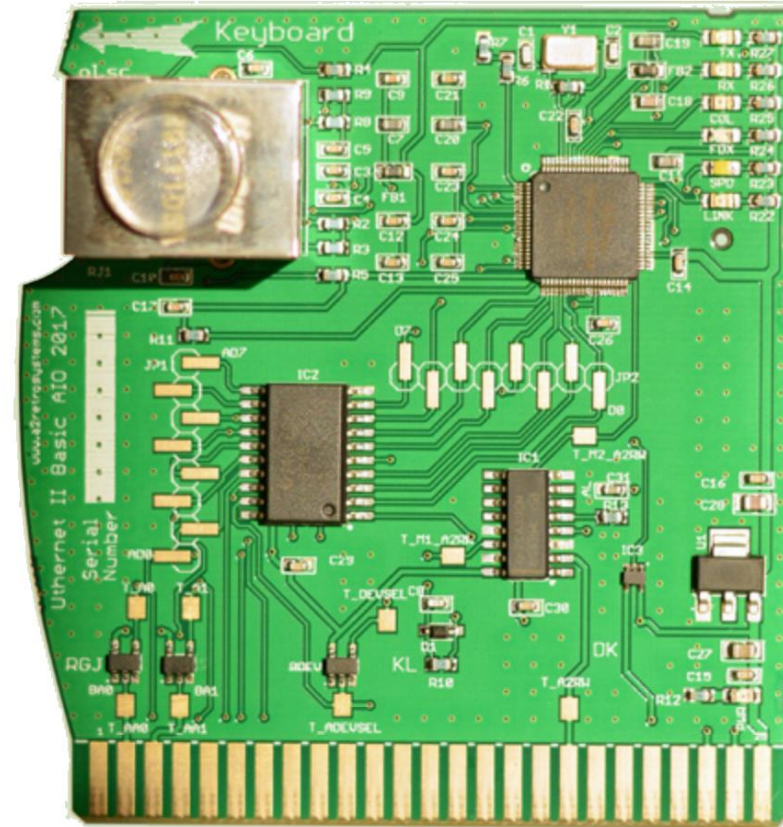
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KanasFest 2022



Demo

Requirements:

- Enhanced //e incl.
ext. 80 column card
or
- IIgs
and
- a2RetroSystems
Uthernet II card

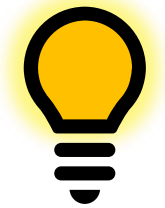
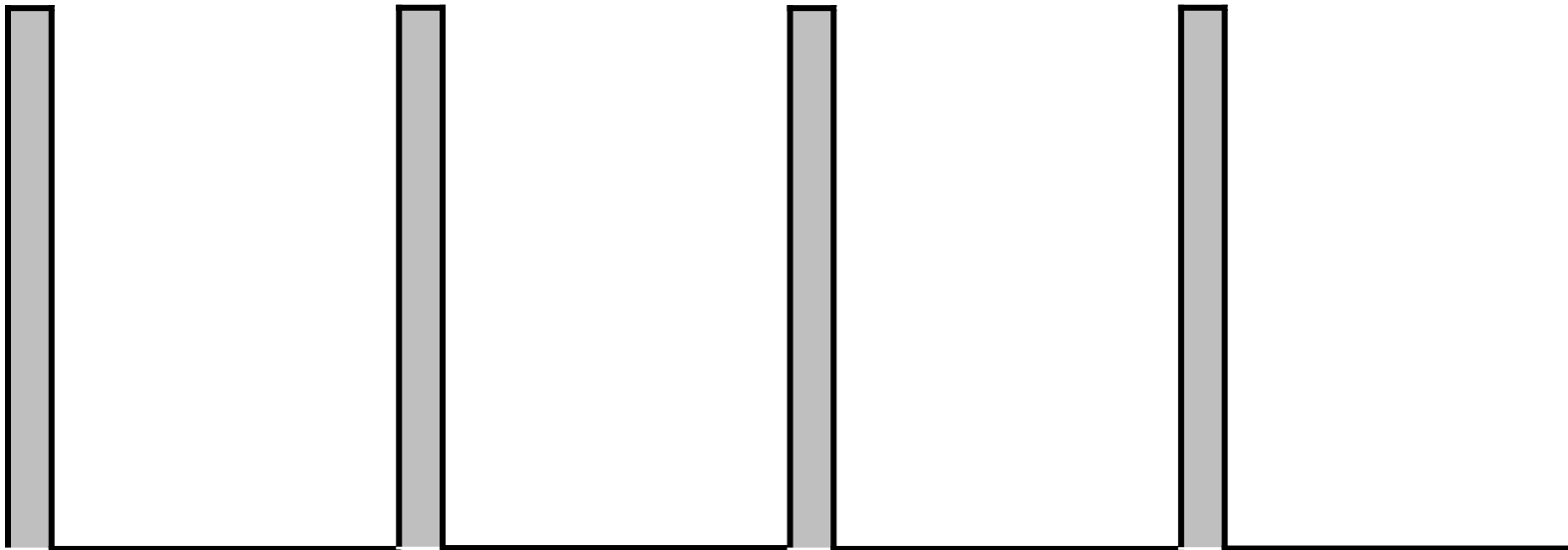


Background

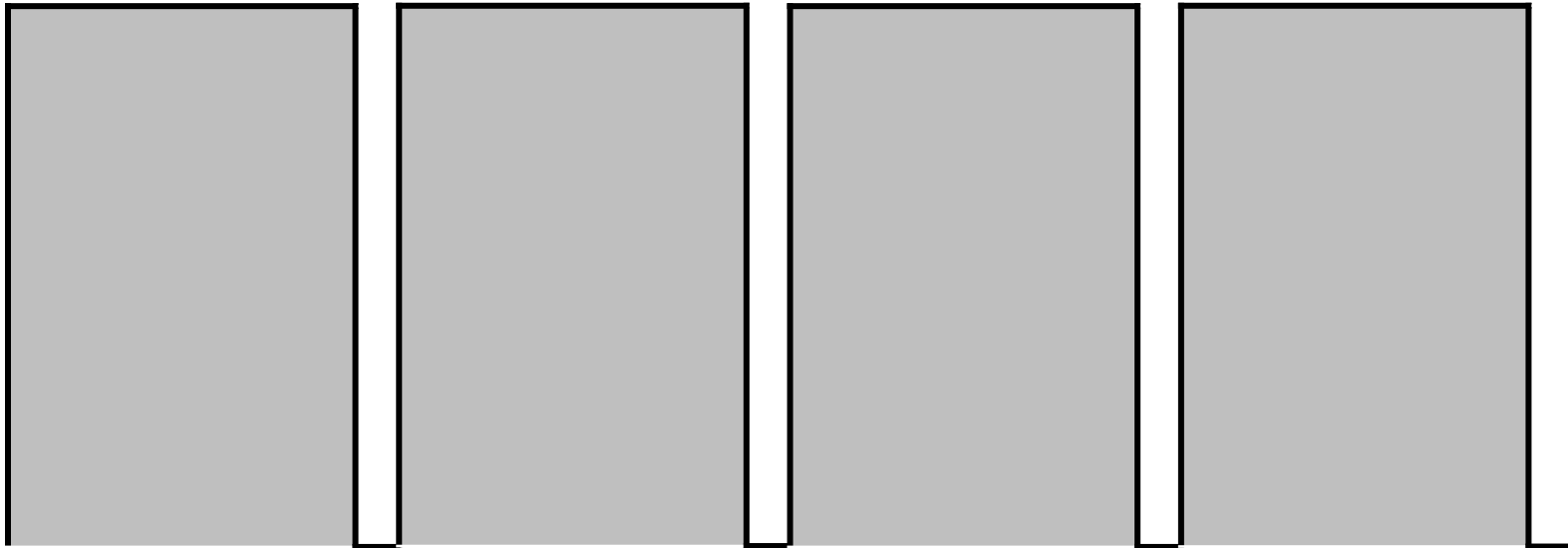
- A2Stream is built around pulse-width modulation (PWM)
- Why not pulse-density modulation (PDM)?
- Complete, working implementation based on PDM
- Quality not satisfying
- Michael J. Mahon explained why he considers PWM superior

So here we are...

Pulse-Width Modulation

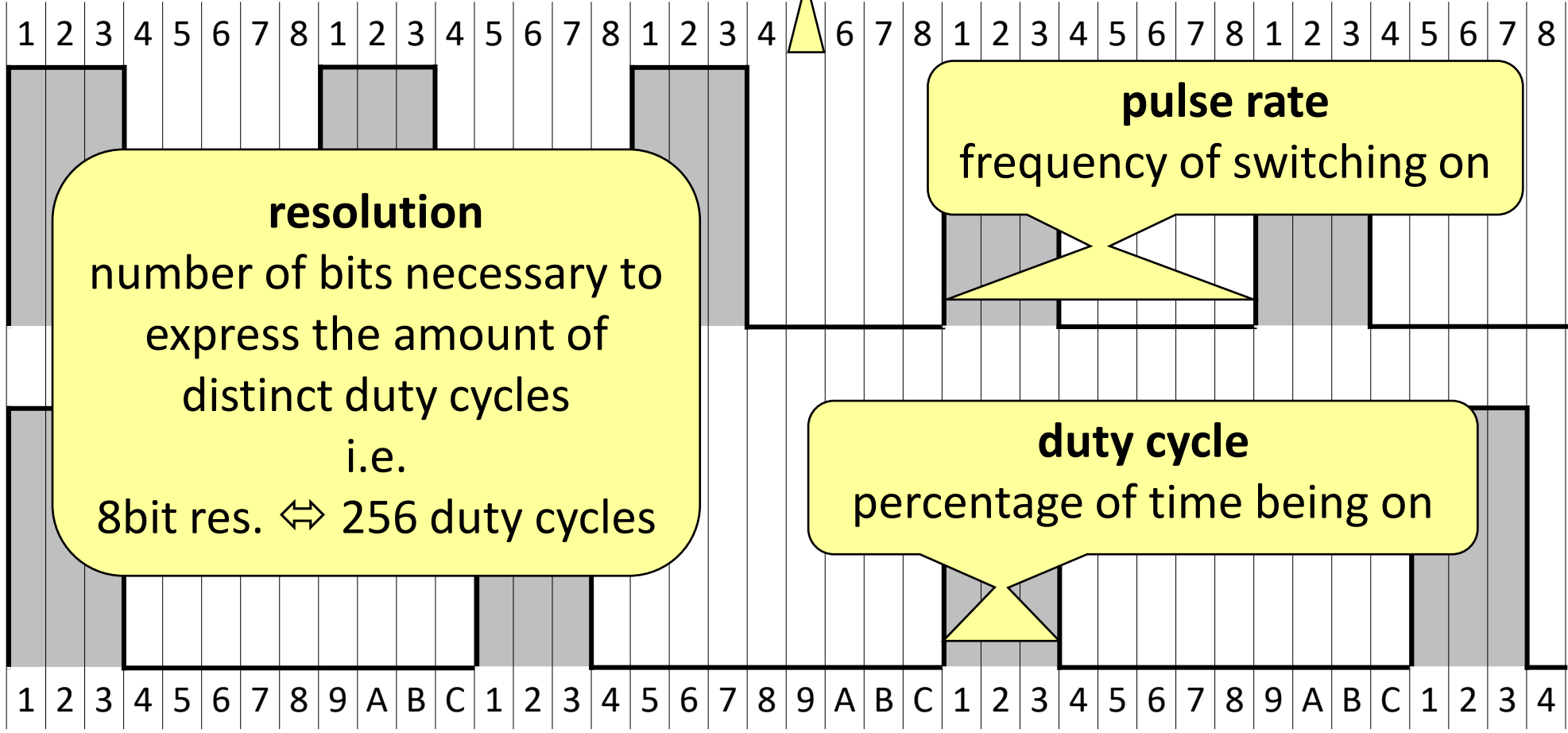


Pulse-Width Modulation



Numbers

clock rate
determines the times when switching on/off is possible

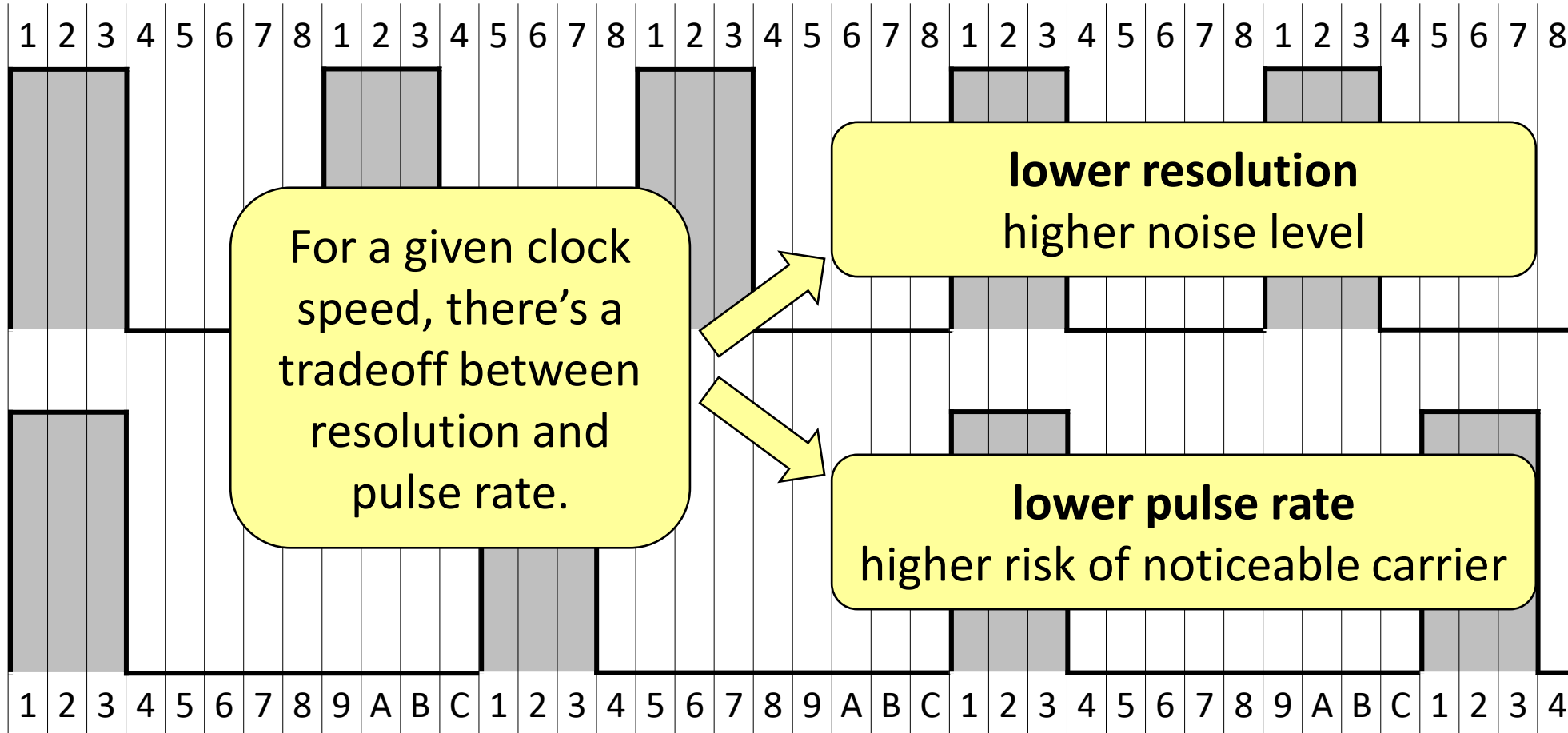


resolution
number of bits necessary to express the amount of distinct duty cycles
i.e.
8bit res. \Leftrightarrow 256 duty cycles

pulse rate
frequency of switching on

duty cycle
percentage of time being on

Tradeoff



Values for A2Stream

- Target pulse rate: 22050 Hz
 - Same as DAC522 ... no more experiments ;-)
- A2Stream uses individual machine cycles as clock rate
 - Although all 6502 instructions require at least two machine cycles
- So, what is the possible resolution for the target pulse rate?
 - With 1 MHz, there are 46 machine cycles per pulse
 - But that does **not** mean 46 distinct duty cycles...

A2Stream Duty Cycles

Shortest duty cycle:

<code>; 1. speaker toggle</code>	
<code>STA \$C030</code>	4
<code>; 2. speaker toggle</code>	
<code>STA \$C030</code>	4
<code>; spend some cycles</code>	
<code>...</code>	35
<code>JMP somewhere</code>	3
	<hr/>
	46

Longest duty cycle:

<code>; 1. speaker toggle</code>	
<code>STA \$C030</code>	4
<code>; spend some cycles</code>	
<code>...</code>	35
<code>; 2. speaker toggle</code>	
<code>STA \$C030</code>	4
<code>JMP somewhere</code>	3
	<hr/>
	46

A2Stream Duty Cycles

Shortest duty cycle:

The first few duty cycles are impossible

```
toggle  
; 2. speaker toggle  
STA $C030  
; spend some cycles  
...  
JMP somewhere
```

A2Stream implements 36 distinct duty cycles in the 46 machine cycles

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ 3 \\ \hline 46 \end{array}$$

Longest duty cycle:

The last few duty cycles are impossible

```
; 1. speaker toggle  
STA $C030  
some cycles  
; speaker toggle  
STA $C030  
JMP
```

BTW: DAC522 implements 32 distinct duty cycles in the same 46 machine cycles

Pulse Generators

- For the 36 distinct duty cycles, there are 36 distinct pieces of code
- Every execution of one of those pieces generates exactly one pulse
- Running the same pulse generator several times, keeps the speaker
 - Like the PWM-controlled light bulb keeping the brightness
- Running different pulse generators in a sequence, moves the speaker
 - Like the PWM-controlled light bulb fading in/out
- The task of A2Stream is to run the 36 pulse generators in a sequence that reflects the changes in the audio signal

JMP Target Modification

- The 6502 is 8-bit, but its address space is 16-bit
- The 6502 address space can be seen as 256 pages of 256 bytes each
- Each address consists of 2 bytes
 - The high-byte denotes the page, the low-byte denotes the offset on that page
- The JMP instruction consists of 3 bytes:

JMP OpCode, Target Offset, Target Page

- A2Stream modifies every JMP target before executing it
 - Self-modifying code

Pulse Generator Placement

- A2Stream can't spend the cycles to modify both bytes of a JMP target
 - Option 1: All pulse generators are on the same page ⇒ doesn't fit ✘
 - Option 2: All pulse generators are on the same offset ✔
- ⇒ The 36 pulse generators are on the 36 pages \$40 – \$63
- Pages \$20 – \$3F are used by the high resolution graphics screen
- ⇒ „All“ a pulse generator has to do with the cycles just spent so far:
1. Get somehow a byte with a value \$40 – \$63
 2. Set the JMP target high byte to that value

Uthernet II Network Interface

- The *a2RetroSystems Uthernet II* card is build around the WIZnet W5100 Ethernet controller
- The W5100 contains a TCP/IP stack, but most Apple II programs rather use their own TCP/IP stack
- Usually, a web client wants to receive the data (much) faster than a web server can send it
- In contrast, A2Stream needs to receive the data (much) slower than a web server wants to send it ⇒ the web server needs to be throttled
- A2Stream fully relies on the W5100 TCP/IP stack to autonomously take care of TCP flow control, which provides that very throttling

Uthernet II Host Interface

- Receiving TCP data with the W5100 means to:
 1. Check, if there's data available in the W5100
 2. Compute the W5100 RAM address of the data
 3. Read the individual data bytes from the W5100
 4. Commit the number of bytes read to the W5100
- Steps 1.), 2.) and 4.) all require way more cycles than the ones left in a single pulse generator \Rightarrow there's no data during those steps :-(

Solving this problem is *THE* innovation of A2Stream!

Pulse Generator Types

- The individual steps are distributed over different pulse generators
 - There's a 2-dimensional array of pulse generators:
 1. dimension: The 36 distinct duty cycles
 2. dimension: The different pulse generator types
 - Fortunately, pulse generators are short enough to share pages
- ⇒ The (unmodified) JMP target low byte can control the sequence of the pulse generator types – and this way the sequence of the necessary steps to take

Ring Buffer

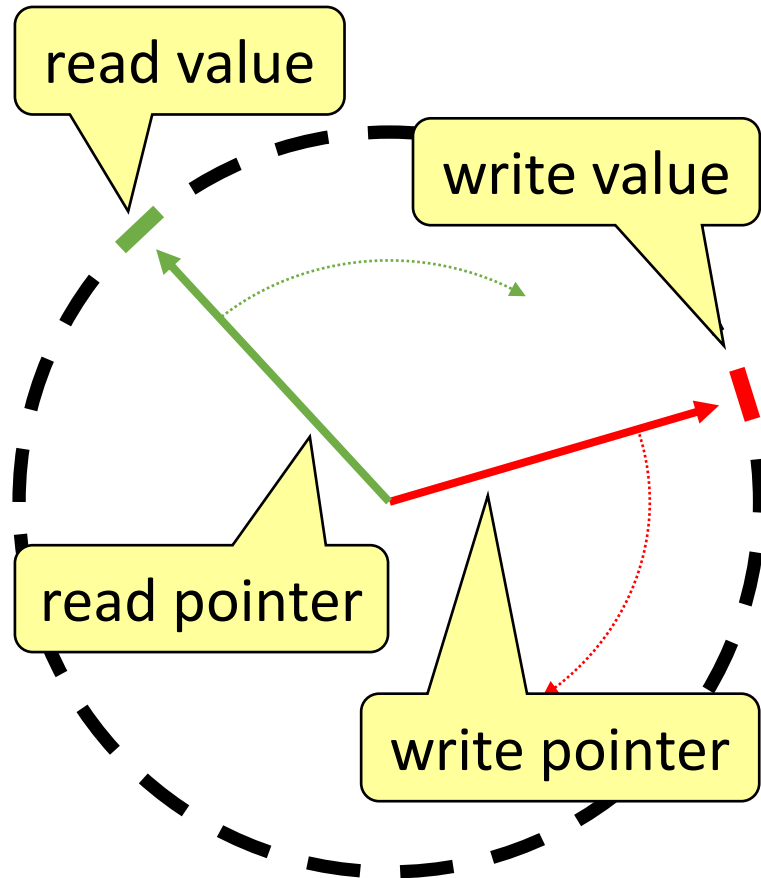
- The W5100 can't provide a contiguous byte stream

⇒ A2Strem needs a ring buffer

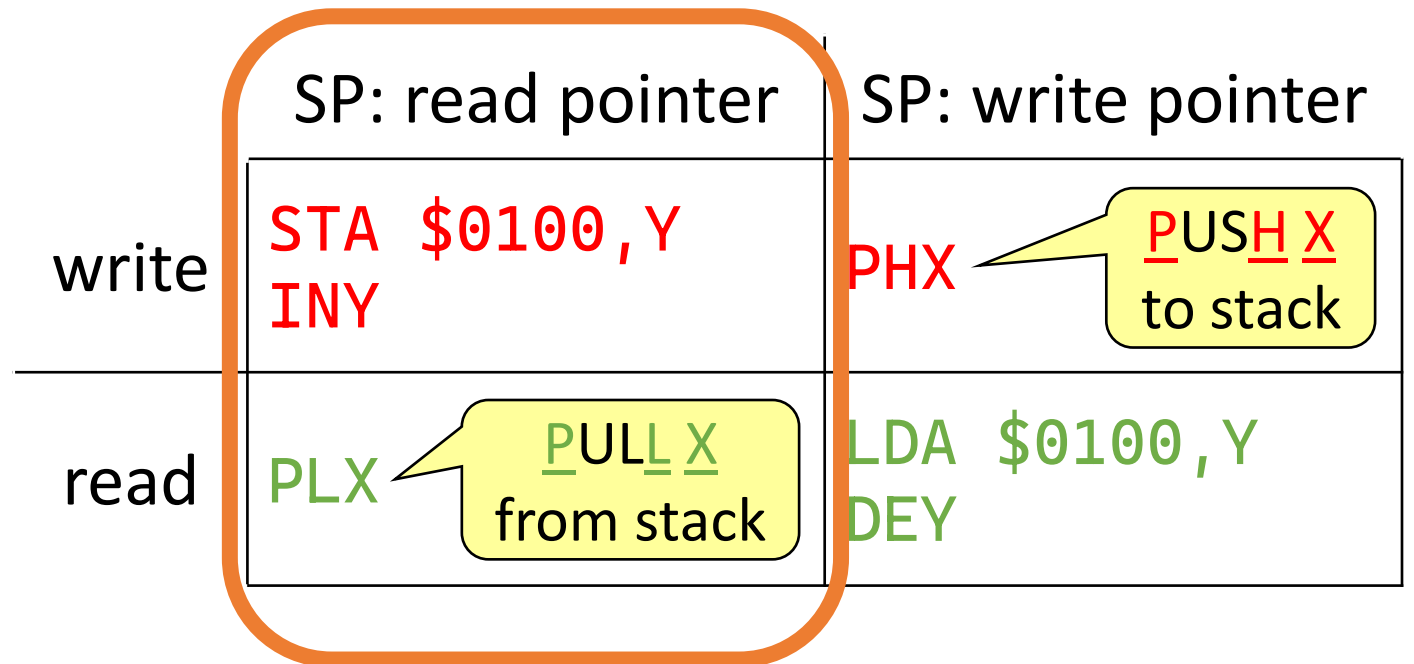
- Every pulse generator reads exactly one byte from the buffer ⇒ JMP
- Some pulse generator types can't write a byte into the buffer ⇒ W5100

⇒ At least one pulse generator type must write more than one byte into the buffer

Stack Pointer



- 6502 has only 3 general registers (A, X, Y)
- Abuse the stack pointer (SP) as 4. register
- 65C02-specific instructions required

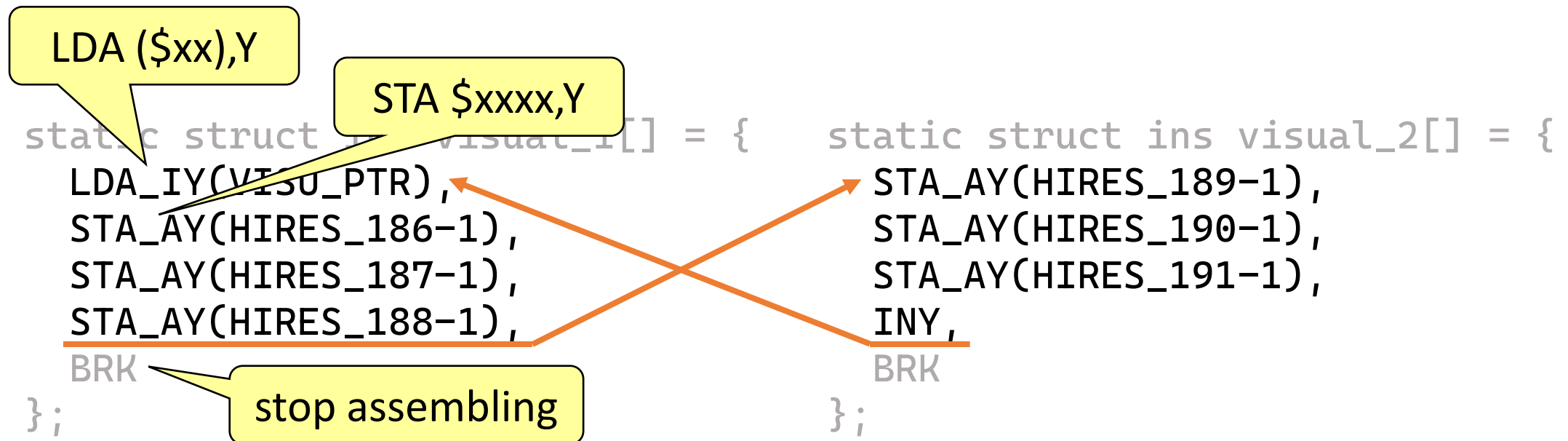


Custom Assembler

- Even with abusing SP, a single pulse generator still can't write 2 bytes into the ring buffer :-)
- However, 2 pulse generators together – of course of different types – manage to write 3 bytes :-)
- A2Stream creates the code for all those pulse generators at runtime
 - Allow to select Uthernet II slot
 - Allow to select speaker (\$C030) vs. tape out (\$C020)
- A2Stream contains a custom assembler written in C using cc65
 - Only one source for all duty cycles (instruction scheduling is automatic)
 - Only the source that differs between pulse generator types (other is implicit)

Source Code

- Source of two pulse generator types used for the visualization
- Those two types are executed by turns
- The code can presume both A and Y to be retained!



Generated Code

green
toggle speaker

orange
type-specific

grey
spend cycles

STA SPEAKER	4
STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

cycles
sum is always 46

blue
flow control

Duty Cycles 00 and 01

STA SPEAKER	4
STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

65C02-specific instruction
like STA (\$xx),Y but without Y

STA SPEAKER	4
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 02 and 03

STA SPEAKER	4
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 04 and 05

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STA SPEAKER	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 06 and 07

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 08 and 09

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
STA SPEAKER	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 10 and 11

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 12 and 13

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA MOD	3
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 14 and 15

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 16 and 17

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA MOD	3
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 18 and 19

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 20 and 21

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 22 and 23

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA MOD	3
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 24 and 25

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 26 and 27

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA MOD	3
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 28 and 29

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
STA SPEAKER	4
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
STA (ZP_SPEAKER)	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 30 and 31

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: STA SPEAKER	4
NOP	2
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 32 and 33

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
BRA MOD	3
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
NOP	2
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Duty Cycles 34 and 35

STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA MOD	3
MOD: JMP OFFSET-5	3
STA SPEAKER	4
NOP	2
NOP	2

STA SPEAKER	4
NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
PLX	4
STX MOD+2	4
LDA (ZP_VISUAL),Y	5
STA HIRES_186-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_187-1,Y	5
STA HIRES_188-1,Y	5
BRA NXT	3
NXT: NOP	2
NOP	2
STA SPEAKER	4
MOD: JMP OFFSET	3

Page Sets

- Up to 5 pulse generator types can share a page
 - But A2Stream has 10 pulse generators types
- ⇒ A second set of pages is necessary, it is on the 36 pages \$64 – \$87
- ⇒ Every pulse generator type is either in page set 0 or in page set 1
- ⇒ The data needs to contain either \$40 – \$63 or \$64 – \$87, depending on the page set, the next pulse generator type is in
- ⇒ The data needs to exactly match the internal A2Stream structure

Is this bug? No, it's a feature...

Loops

Initialize data block, part A

Initialize data block, part B

Initialize data block, part C

Commit data block, part A

Commit data block, part B

usually a loop variable check
but A2Stream has no cycles

Transfer 3 bytes into the buffer, part A

Transfer 3 bytes into the buffer, part B

Loops

page set 0

Initialize data block, part A

Initialize data block, part B

Initialize data block, part C

page set 1

Commit data block, part A

Commit data block, part B

usually a loop variable check
but A2Stream has no cycles

Transfer 3 bytes into the buffer, part A

Transfer 3 bytes into the buffer, part B

those two pulse generator
types have the same offset!

page set 0, \$40 – \$63

buffer is almost empty

initialize data, part A

initialize data, part B

initialize data, part C

transfer data, part A

transfer data, part B

page set 1, \$64 – \$87

buffer is full

commit data, part A

commit data, part B

prepare visualization

visualize, part A

visualize, part B

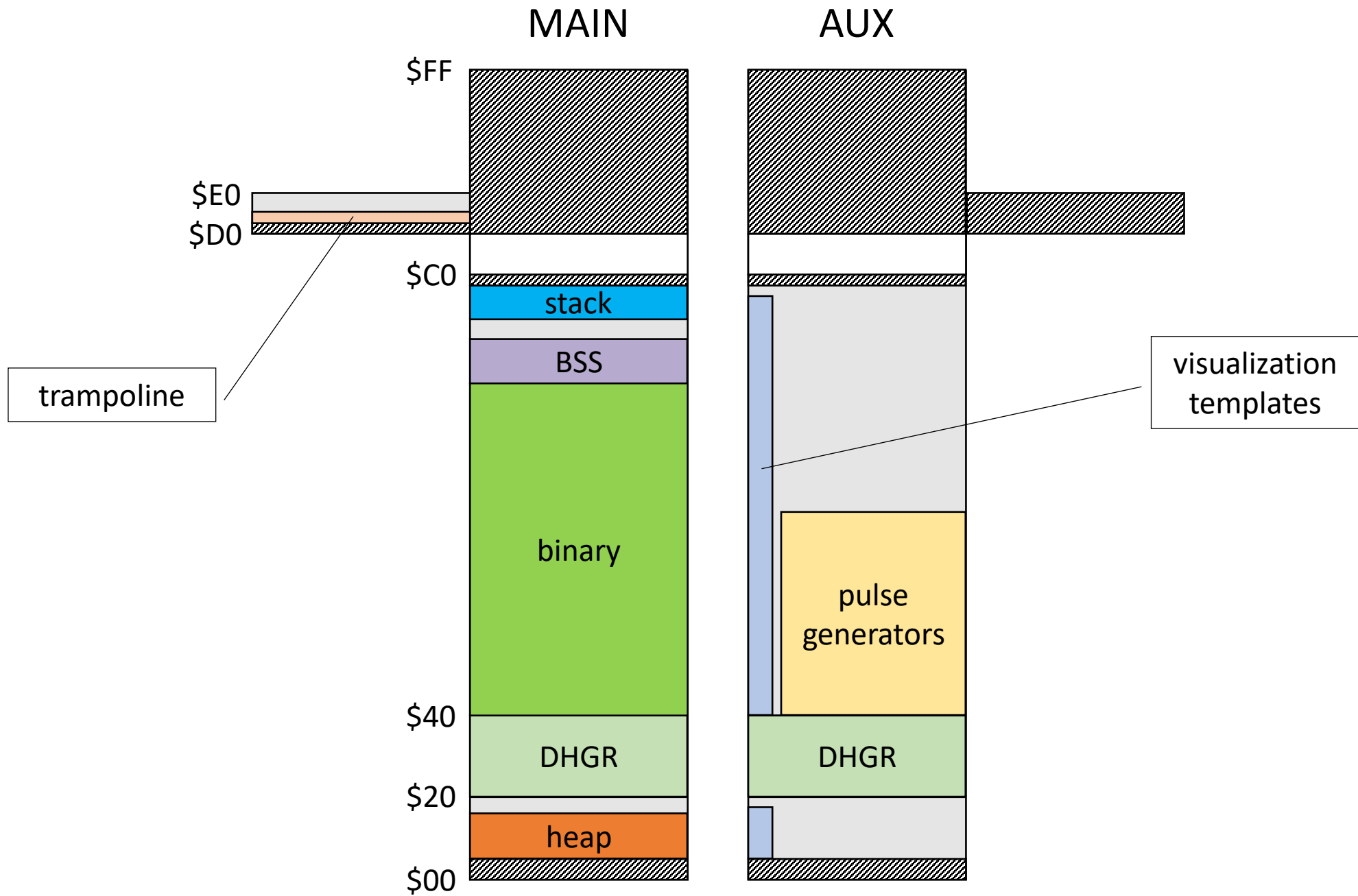
data “breaks” code out of the two “endless” loops by setting the JMP target into another page set

Visualization

- Completely precomputed
- 140 visualization templates
- Each template can be either of 2 types
 1. Odd bytes of a double hires line to be placed in MAIN memory
 2. Even bytes of a double hires line to be placed in AUX memory
- Every 256th data byte is a visualization value inserted into the stream
- One pulse generator type reads two bytes from the ring buffer
- The visualization byte selects one of the 140 templates
- The selected template is copied to the bottom 6 hires lines

Memory Layout

- Similar to the duty cycles, every template is on a different page
- 140 templates on the pages \$10 – \$1D and \$40 – \$BD
 - Pages \$40 – \$87 are shared with the pulse generators
- The A2Stream player runs completely in AUX memory
- No MAIN ↔ AUX copy
- Double hires data and templates are loaded from W5100 into AUX
- Pulse generators are generated by C program in MAIN into AUX
 - Highly optimized C code places relevant variables in zero page, no ALTZP
- Trampoline in language card above ProDOS QUIT code



Q & A